The People's Press.

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Mrs Van Hoek

The People's Press.

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L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

March 31, 1871.

Wood's Object Lessons IN BOTANY.

THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

ADDRESS
OF THE
Central Executive Committee.

To the People of North Carolina:

The Executive Committee of the Democratic-Conservative party of this State, after consultation among themselves and with many friends from different parts of the State familiar with public sentiment, have deemed it necessary and proper that the Central Executive Committee shall address the people in reference to various topics of public interest, and particularly constitutional reform in this State. The Central Committee, therefore, feel especially called upon and instructed to submit to the people such views and suggest such measures of reform and relief as, in their judgment, are calculated to promote concert of action and the general welfare of the State.

THE CONVENTION ELECTION.

The result of the election in August last, although adverse to the call of a Convention of the people, cannot be regarded as an expression of popular approval of many of the leading provisions of the present State constitution; for all parties, with scarcely any dissent, recognized and conceded the paramount necessity for a change in the organic law in several material particulars.

Nor can the result of that election be properly claimed as a party success or defeat. The issue submitted and passed upon was not a *party issue,* although great efforts were made by interested persons to make it such—nor was it so regarded or treated by thousands of democrats and Conservatives who voted against "Convention." That election turned on collateral and immaterial issues, most of them suggested and pressed upon public attention by the great body of office-holders of the State, who apprehended that a convention, if called, would turn them out of office. The office-holders of the State generally opposed the call; they freely used money and other appliances to defeat it. The co[illegible] people were made falsely to believe [illegible] Indians, convention would deprive them [illegible] 000 by freedom, or greatly abridge their [illegible]ican rights. Thousands voted against the call because they feared armed interference of the authorities of the federal government and another war—other thousands voted against it, because they apprehended some unpleasant interference with the present homestead provision, while some believed the call as made was without the sanction of the constitution and revolutionary; so that, we repeat, the election turned, not in favor or against any political party, nor upon the real merits of the issue submitted to the people, but upon many collateral considerations.

METHOD OF AMENDMENT SETTLED.

The majority against the proposed call for a Convention, though comparatively meagre, settles adversely the proposition to amend the Constitution by a Convention of the people, however proper and desirable that method of amendment may be.—It settles it because the radical members of the Legislature, at the behest of their party, unanimously refused to vote for the call of a Convention of the people by the Legislature. Such a call cannot be made without the vote of at least a few of them, and they and their party thus assume the grave responsibility of preventing the people from amending and reforming their organic law.

The only remaining method of amending the Constitution is by *legislative* enactment. Although the Constitution operates oppressively in many respects, and some of its provisions preclude all hope of general prosperity while they continue in force, yet it is manifestly the duty of every good citizen to seek relief from such evils by the *legislative mode,* however slow and unsatisfactory, in the present emergency, it may be. We venture to hope that the members of the Legislature will, when they assemble, at once agree upon this plan of relief, and we respectfully suggest that, in the meantime, the people give prompt and free expression of their wishes as to such amendments as they desire, so that the Legislature may be informed of the popular will, as well as may be, in reference to constitutional reform.

OUR MATERIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND EDUCATIONAL INTERESTS OPPRESSED.

That the material, industrial and educational interests of the State are in a calamitous condition is manifest to the commonest observer. There is now a direful incubus upon the State that deadens the energies of the people and destroys all reasonable hope of future prosperity. Every man has the distressing sense that he labors and toils in vain.

These evils are not owing to any lack of industry and persistent effort on the part of the people. Ever since the late war they have worked assiduously, and thousands have labored who never labored before. They have lived economically. The soil has generally yielded good crops and fair prices have been realized for them.—But their earnings are gone! Where are they? Their desolate farms are not restored. The waste places are not built up.—The greater number of towns and villages are as decayed as at the close of the war; many of them are in a worse condition.—The destroyed manufactories, with but few exceptions, have not been rebuilt. And where, we repeat, are the earnings of our impoverished people? They are swallowed up in oppressive taxation, to support a system of State government essentially expensive, and a radical extravagance without a parallel in the history of a free people.

BURDENSOME TAXATION—PUBLIC EXTRAVAGANCE.

During the first two years under the present Constitution, $1,807,580 were collected from the people, and every dollar of this vast sum was expended in the administration of the State government—an average of over $900,000 a year!—about ten times what it cost to administer the government before the war! There belonged to the School Fund, derived from the Land Scrip donated by the United States, the sum of $122,000. This sum was *invested* mostly in "special tax bonds," and the fund is virtually lost.

These monstrous evils are the legitimate fruits of the workings of the present Constitution and radical misrule under it. The present organization fastens on the people a system of government essentially extravagant—the township system alone making necessary about three thousand officers at an annual expense of from $300,000 to $400,000. It establishes a public debt amounting to $40,000,000, half of which is confessedly dishonest and fraudulent, and which the people are unable to pay.

MISRULE, FRAUD, FORCE, AND THE SWORD.

Under the organic law the people are subjected to an intolerable misrule at the hands of the radical party. By means of notorious fraud, force and the sword, that party had absolute control of the Convention that framed the present Constitution, and like control of the first Legislature that assembled under it; and although the people were impoverished, this radical Convention and Legislature increased the public debt from $20,000,000 to near $40,000,000 in less than eighteen months. Of this $20,000,000, less than $500,000 have gone into the public works or to the benefit of the people. This party placed in office a Governor who absolutely suspended the Constitution and laws of the State; he arrested scores of innocent citizens without warrant or any authority of law; he suspended the writ of *habeas corpus* and defied the Chief Justice of the State; he made his warrant from time to time on the Treasurer for large sums of money without the sanction of law; he raised a lawless and mercenary horde of desperadoes and armed them at the public expense to execute his despotic will. This party elected to the State Convention and the Legislature scores of men notorious for their ignorance, licentiousness, dishonesty and corruption, who, at the behests of their party, and knavish speculators, increased the public debt to the enormous sum already stated. This party degraded and disgraced the Judiciary by electing to high judicial stations men shamefully ignorant and corrupt, and others who have not scrupled to manifest the most blatant partizan feelings while holding their offices. This party have ruined the credit of the State—they have blasted the hopes and prosperity of the people in the most shameless and defiant manner—they have made every department of the government a by-word and reproach. To establish the truth of these charges we need but point to the history of the State for the last three years and appeal to the observation of every intelligent citizen.

THE PRESENT CONSTITUTION.

This Constitution, and this party, with a radical, reckless and extravagant administration of the Federal Government, make up the manifest causes of the sufferings, poverty and ruin that crush the people of the State. The Radical party have brought upon us all these evils, and there is no relief from them but through salutary changes of the Constitution, and a change of our present rulers for others who shall be capable, honest, wise and patriotic.

The present Constitution is loose, illogical, contradictory and absurd in many of its provisions, and it were well if it could be entirely re-written; but this is not practicable by the legislative mode of amendment. Action will be expedited by amending in a few very important particulars, for the present, and leaving general amendments for a future time.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS SUGGESTED.

In the judgment of the Executive Committee, the Constitution should at once be amended in the following particulars:

Section 6 of Article 1 should be so amended as to strike out all thereof that provides the *inviolability of the public debt.*

Section 2 of Article 2 should be so amended as to provide that the Legislature shall meet regularly every two years, instead of every year, and it should be provided that the members of the Legislature shall receive but $3 per day and 10 cents mileage, and such pay for no longer a period than 100 days during their term of office.

The office of Superintendent of Public Works should be abolished.

Article 3, Section 1, should be so amended that the Governor and other officers, therein mentioned, shall hold their offices but *two years,* instead of four years, as now provided.

Section 10 of Article 3 should be so amended as to provide that the Governor shall nominate the officers therein mentioned, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, unless otherwise provided by law.

Article 4 should be so amended as to strike out sections 2 and 3, thus abolishing the Code Commission.

Section 4 of this article should be stricken out, leaving the Legislature to regulate the number and style of courts. Instead of five supreme Court Judges, and twelve Superior Court Judges, as now provided, there should be but three Supreme Court and eight Superior Court Judges, who shall be elected every eight years. Sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 26, 27, 28, 31 and 33 of article 4 should be stricken out and it should be provided that the judicial powers of the State shall be vested in one Supreme Court and in such Superior Courts and inferior Courts as the General Assembly may establish.

Section 4 of article 5 should be stricken out, thus striking out the mortgage provision on all the property of the State for the interest of the public debt.

Section 6 of article 5, should be so amended as to enlarge the class of exemptions so as to include "stock and provisions."

Article 6, section 5, should be so amended as to provide that the persons therein rendered ineligible for office shall likewise be rendered incompetent to vote.

Article 7 should be abolished, except section 13, thus sweeping away the *Township system* and leaving the matter to the Legislature.

Article 10 should be so amended as to provide that the Homestead provisions should apply to all debts alike, and it should be in fee—that is, absolute.

Article 11, section 10, should be so amended as to provide that its benefits shall extend only to *indigent* persons.

Article 14, section 7, should be so amended as to provide that no person shall hold any lucrative office under this State while he holds an office under the United States.

Section 5 of Art. 2, should be so amended as to abolish the provision for taking a census of the State in 1875, and every ten years thereafter.

We would suggest as a further amendment, that section 5 of Art. 9 be so amended as to provide that the University shall be under the control of the General Assembly, who shall elect a Board of Trustees, of which the Governor shall be *ex officio* Chairman, and Sections 13 and 14 of that article should be stricken out.

Other amendments ought to be made, but those suggested would relieve the people from the burdensome and extravagant State government that now swallows up their earnings, and fastens upon them a State debt which they cannot pay, but of which they may easily so compromise and adjust the honest portion, as will reduce it within manageable limits.

CRIME AND OUTRAGE.

We deem it worth while to notice in this address, that wicked and interested persons—unprincipled and violent radical partizans in and out of this State—for sinister purposes, have sought to produce the false impression that the Democratic-Conservative party have and do connive at and encourage the perpetration of crime and outrage. To this detestable end they have, wherever they could, prostituted the press, legislative and judicial proceedings, and resorted to every means within their power. Such imputation is not only groundless, false and scandalous, but infamous to the last degree, and betrays a spirit of wickedness, we venture to assert, without a parallel in political warfare.

The party which we represent has always and persistently condemned crime, by whomsoever perpetrated, and has repeatedly gone out of the usual political course to denounce it, and urge upon the people the high importance of peace and good order, and the duty of every good citizen to be active and zealous in bringing offenders to justice.

The course pursued by the unworthy persons to whom we refer is deeply to be deplored by all good men of every political party. It is not only ignoble, but it tends to destroy the moral and legitimate effect of the voice of the press, legislative action and judicial determination, for the suppression of crime—their constant effort is to turn such matters to political advantage by giving them a political turn, and thus they produce the almost inevitable conviction on the minds of disinterested observers that the purpose of the press, the Legislature and Courts, is not to suppress crime and outrage, but to manufacture political capital and advantage from the crimes of offenders, and thus engender bitter feelings among their opponents, destroy confidence in the Courts and bring them into disgrace and contempt.

We again urge our friends to set their faces against violence and lawlessness of all kinds, and to be especially active in preventing secret outrages by disguised persons.

NATIONAL POLITICS.

It is to be regretted that the people of this State have failed to take any very active interest in national politics since the close of the late war. In our judgment this is unwise. Our people are of the Union—it is our government and to it we must look, as we have the right, for support and protection in our rights of life, liberty and property, at home and abroad—we owe it allegiance and support, and it is a patriotic duty to yield these—it is as much our duty to join our fellow-countrymen in shaping and controlling the policy and destiny of this great common national government. We have all the rights that any of the American people have, and we are false to the country and ourselves if we fail to recognize, exercise and act upon them. The people have rights; let them exercise them firmly and respectfully, and when need be, assert them as free men and American citizens in the councils of the nation, in political assemblages, and everywhere. If we consent to be dwarfed and ignored nationally, then indeed, we may expect to be for all time to come.

CORRUPTION, EXTRAVAGANCE AND USURPATION.

Our common country is subject to grievous political evils to which the compass of this address will allow us to advert very briefly.

Official corruption in high and low places; public extravagance; usurpation of great powers not conferred, but denied and prohibited by the Constitution; high and oppressive tariffs which foster immense monopolies; the direct encouragement and support of monopolies; prostitution of official patronage to promote party ascendancy; a system of taxation which brings into active service in the interests of the party in power, hordes of Internal Revenue officers who oppress, plunder and outrage the people of the nation, and under which large surplus sums of money are raised that ought to remain in the pockets of the people; a general system of espionage; a suspension of the liberties of the people upon the slightest pretext, in express violation of the Constitution; armed military interference with the freedom of elections; a general system of official bribery and party favoritism in every department, and the administration of the affairs of the government, are public national evils, the enormity, extent and danger of which can scarcely be measured or appreciated by the people subject to them. That these evils do exist is manifest to everybody. The dearest, highest interests of a free people demand that they shall not close their eyes to such dangers too long lest the time shall come when they will find their form of government changed in name as well as in fact, and their liberties lost.

SOURCE OF PUBLIC EVILS—THE "HIGHER LAW" OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Most, if not all these evils, are attributable to the Radical or Republican party of the nation,—to its doctrines, policy and practices. It is essentially a party inimical and dangerous to the constitution and public and personal liberty. It is founded upon the despotic dogma that there is a "*higher law*" than the constitution; it is emphatically and essentially a "higher law" party. This dogma is its life and soul, and it proceeds on the jesuitical maxim, that "the end justifies the means."—Hence it is, the head of this party, the President, does not hesitate to send the army to New York and elsewhere at the North, to this State, Texas and all over the South, in violation of the letter and spirit of the Constitution, to control the elections and prepare the way for his and his party's continued ascendency, and his own election. Hence, too we find him for like purposes suspending the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* in a time of profound peace, arresting the citizens without warrant or lawful authority, but only by lawless force. Hence, too, we find this party in Congress avowedly, and in the most riotous manner, passing laws at one time to oust the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the Union, to prevent that great tribunal from declaring its acts and assaults on the Constitution unconstitutional and void,—at another time passing a similar law to "pack" that Court with partizans to alter a solemn decision already made, but distasteful to this "higher law" party. Hence, too, hundreds of other similar acts done by this party which illustrate the principles, policy and practices which we have attributed to it, and which if not arrested and suppressed, must result in the absolute overthrow of the system of government formed and handed down to us by Washington and his compatriots. That such a party has been allowed to spring up on American soil is monstrous and alarming!

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY THE ONLY OTHER PARTY.

There is but one other great political party in the country—that is the National Democratic party. In our judgment, it is the patriotic duty of every lover of liberty and free government to co-operate with that great and powerful party to arrest the tremendous evils to which we have adverted, and which will sooner or later, if not suppressed, destroy freedom and establish despotism and the sword.

POLITICAL DUTY OF ALL PATRIOTS.

To accomplish this great measure of reform in our State and National Governments, we cordially invite the zealous cooperation of every patriot without regard to his hitherto party affiliations. We stand in determined opposition to the crimes and evils to which we have briefly directed public attention, and we ask all good people to stand with us, trusting that such common patriotic effort, through the blessing of God, may save us and our country from impending danger and ruin.

THOS. BRAGG, *Chairman.*
A. S. MERRIMON,
M. A. BLEDSOE,
R. H. BATTLE, JR.,
J. Q. DECARTERET,
C. M. BUSBEE,
W. R. COX,
J. J. LITCHFORD,
Central Executive Committee.

REMARKABLE INSTANCE OF SOMNAMBULISM.—One of the greatest feats of sleep-walking on record was lately performed by a married lady who resides at Onondaga South Hollow. At about one o'clock on Saturday morning last this lady dreamed that her father, who resided near Hastings, Oswego county, was very sick and had sent for her to visit him immediately. She arose from her bed, dressed herself, and started on foot for Liverpool, where she thought she could take the cars on the Northern Railroad for Hastings. She arrived at Liverpool and stopped at the house of a Justice of the Peace of the town of Salina, at a little after daylight. During all this time the lady was sound asleep and did not awake until after arriving at the house. Her feet were sore and one of her ankles badly swollen from the effects of the long tramp, a distance not less than fifteen miles. The lady says that she was perfectly unconscious during her long walk, and the last she could remember before arriving at the house was the dream that her father was lying dangerously ill, and desired her immediate presence.

IN, INTO AND UNDER.—The vexed question of the proper mode of baptism was thus disposed of by "Uncle Cæsar," a colored preacher out West:

"Now, bredren," said he, "I hear great fuss about dese words *in* and *into,* and folks want us to believe that they mean *under,* and dat when the Scriptur' speaks of an indiwidual going down into the water, de Bible mean to say that he went *under* the water. S'pose some day I go over to see brudder Solomon, and brudder Solomon werry politely say: "Uncle Cæsar, come into de house," do anybody s'pose dis here nigger would go *under* de house?"

GENERAL NEWS.

An old lady read an item in one of the papers the other day describing how a grindstone burst in a saw factory and killed four men. She just happened to remember that there was a small grindstone down in her cellar leaning up against the wall. So she went out and got an accident insurance policy, and then, summoning the hired girl, and holding the pie board in front of her, so that her face would not be injured, she had the stone taken out in the alley, where twenty-four buckets of water were thrown on it, and a stick was stuck in the hole bearing a placard marked 'dangerous.' She says it's a mercy the whole house was not blown to pieces by the thing before this.

A petition, fifty feet long, has been received at Washington from the women of Utah Territory, in favor of polygamy. It is signed by some twenty-five hundred women who declare that Christ's teachings sanctioned polygamy, which is now being attacked and perverted by Federal officers. They also declare that their husbands, fathers, sons, and brothers are now exposed to the murderous policy of a clique of Federal officers intent on the destruction of an honest, happy, industrious and prosperous people.

The total losses of the insurance companies by the Chicago fire are stated at $57,740,000.

A gang of counterfeiters has been captured in New York, together with their plates and a large amount of counterfeit money. The head or chief of the gang, Joshua A. Minor, is one of the parties in custody. He is said to be quite wealthy. Ballard, another of the prisoners, is said to be the only person in the United States, outside of government employ, who knows how to make the fibrous paper used by the government in its national currency.

At Union City, Tenn., on Monday night week, while the passengers of the Mobile and Ohio railroad train were at supper, three men jumped on the engine, and ran the train back for two miles, while two others entered the express car, and robbed the safe of about $4,000. The messenger was at supper and had left one man on guard, who was overpowered by the robbers. The thieves escaped.

Attorney General Harmer, of Indiana, has decided to commence suits against several prominent Republican officials who, as he has reason to believe, have swindled the State by false and fraudulent accounts, and by appropriating the interest on large sums which should have been placed in the Treasury, and by various forms of official corruption. Gov. Baker has given his consent that these suits shall be commenced.

Col. Thos. W. Grosvenor, prosecuting attorney of Chicago, was killed by a sentinel on post at the Chicago University on the night of the 21st ult., for passing his beat and answering his challenge in a manner which he deemed offensive. Theo. N. Treat, is a member of the first regiment Chicago volunteers, and claims to have acted in accordance with orders. He is in jail.

Polygamy in Utah is tottering to its overthrow. A despatch from Salt Lake city, dated 22nd ult., says: A verdict of guilty was found in Hawkins' case, charged with adultery. The penalty is from three to twenty years' imprisonment.—This is considered a test case, and virtually places the polygamist at the mercy of the first wife, who under the act is the only person who can proceed against him.

A despatch from Matamoras, Mexico, dated 27th ult., says that Saltillo still holds out against the revolutionists. The State of Leon has declared against the revolution. Gen. Escobedo is marching against the revolutionary generals Morelos, Hamalo and Melvada. Two thousand Mexican citizens have fled to Texas.

A despatch from Rochester, New York, dated 23rd ult., says that extensive fires are progressing in the woods and swamps in Monroe, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Wayne and Seneca counties. The wind is blowing a gale, and the smoke compels the use of lamps here to-day.

Rosenzweig, the notorious New York abortionist, who caused the death of Miss Alice Bowlsby, and who tried to conceal his crime by packing the corpse of his victim in a trunk and shipping it to Chicago, has been convicted, and sentenced to seven years hard labor in the State Prison.

The Steam propellor *Dean Richmond,* was destroyed by fire on Lake Huron, on the 28th ult. One female servant was drowned, but all the others on board escaped. The steamer had 32,000 bushels of wheat on board, all of which was lost.

When an ox refuses to pull, in Columbus, Ga., some inventive genius catches a cat and suspends it by the tail over the back of the obstinate brute. The claws are a sufficient incentive to business. The students of Columbus call this "ox-hazing."

The total product of gold and silver in the United States for the year 1870, as estimated by the U. S. Commissioner of Mining Statistics, was $66,000,000; California contributing $35,000,000 and Nevada $16,000,000 to this amount.

The Mahaive Bank, at Great Barrington, Mass., was robbed on the night of the 21st. ult., of $125,000 by the teller, Mr. Wm. S. Hine. The teller then fled, and nothing has since been heard of him or his plunder.

Gen. Robert Anderson of Fort Sumter fame, died at Nice, in France, on the 28th ult. His remains will be brought to this country in a U. S. war vessel, for interment.

All the respectable citizens of Lima, Peru, have laid in provisions for several days, so as they may be enabled to keep at home during the riots which are expected to occur at the approaching election.

Hobart Pasha, the Admiral of the Turkish navy, says that the latter is perfectly able at the present moment to repel any attack from Russia in the Black Sea, and he firmly believes it will always be able to do so.

Col. Robert B. Cunningham, one of the judges at the Danville Fair, fell dead on Friday week, while on the judges' stand. It is thought his death was caused by heart disease.

Hon. Thos. Ewing, Sr., died at his residence in Lancaster, Ohio, on the 26th ult. Gen. Sherman, and other members of the family, were present.

The Governor of New York has been the first to appoint a Thanksgiving day. He has designated Thursday, November 23d, as the day to be observed in that State.

Victor G. Powell, of the Second Auditor's office in Washington city, was arrested on the 26th ult., and committed to jail on the charge of defrauding the government of $10,000.

The municipal election in Baltimore on the 25th ult., resulted in the election of the entire Conservative ticket. The radicals were completely snowed under

A tough old farmer in Wisconsin recently celebrated his eighty-eighth birthday by ploughing nearly two acres of ground.

Accept not, amiable girl, the hand of a youth who telleth thee he wishes to marry and settle; make him settle first, and let him marry thee afterwards.

Wit, with discretion, is a sword in the hand of a fool.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1871.

GEO. WALTER SITES,--EDITOR.

The Conservative Address.

On our first page will be found the recent address of the Conservative and Democratic State Central Committee to the people of North Carolina. Its careful perusal is earnestly recommended to all our friends, and especially those who are hesitating between two opinions in regard to the tendency of our political affairs. The masses, as a general thing, are honest in thought and action, and zealously desire to do that which is right; but, unfortunately, there are many who, with the best possible intentions, permit themselves to be deluded by interested office-holders and office-seekers, of whom we have the rankest specimens in this and neighboring counties. These latter, so that they can obtain and hold position, and fill their yawning pockets with enormous salaries and fees, care no more for the real interests of the people, than they care for the insects they tread upon in their daily walks, and frequent "bushings." We ask our wavering friends, to consider how closely our political and material interests are connected and intertwined. If the former become corrupt and degraded, the latter will become oppressed and paralyzed. The longer corruption is countenanced or submitted to, the more deadly will be its effects upon the prosperity for which we yearn, and for which the Southern people are laboring in spite of obstacles which no other portion of our common country has ever encountered.

The Address is, in our opinion, the most vigorous document yet put forth by the Central Committee. A free and general interchange of sentiment between Conservatives, from a large majority of counties, during the late Fair at the capital of the State, seems to have given confidence to the Committee. They have, consequently, spoken with an energy and perspicuity which cannot fail to be felt by every citizen of North Carolina, who has sufficient intelligence to understand what he reads, or hears read, and can appreciate its importance to himself, and to the community of which he is a part.

Perfection is an attribute of the Creator only. Man has never produced anything comprehensively faultless. So it is that in this Address there are a few phrases—perhaps we may call them assertions—which will not serve to flatter the prejudices, allay the suspicions, or soften the remembrances of many who have hitherto acted with the Conservative party. In fact, there are a few recommendations and expressions which ourself cannot cordially approve, firmly believing that they are ill-timed and calculated to create, if persisted in, a slight defection in our ranks. The result of the canvasses of 1870 and 1871, is sufficient evidence that we cannot afford anything of that kind. Perhaps it would have been more politic not to recommend so many amendments to the Legislature about to convene, it matters not how much they may be needed, for should that body, in the flush of its power, act upon them all, large numbers of our people will naturally become confused when they are presented to them for their suffrages. "Make haste slowly," is a venerable adage, and is particularly applicable to the present condition of our affairs. There are amendments which are absolutely pressing in importance, and these alone should be first considered and acted upon. It must be remembered that by attempting too much, all is risked. This is no time to risk anything.

There are a few other unnecessary recommendations, but we have no desire to exhibit a carping disposition. The Committee did the best they could, and if they made a few mistakes, as we consider them, we can readily overlook them, for the sake of the unwonted excellence which pervades the Address throughout, and in the confident trust that serious reflection, will indicate to the Legislature the extent to which it can go, without prejudice to the patriotic cause which is so close to our hearts, and which is the only cause which conserves the principles of republican liberty.

Although the unfitness of Judge Logan is acknowledged by both Republicans and Democrats we hope the Legislature will not impeach him—1st, because his term expires next year; and 2d, because we think he is anxious to be impeached so as to elevate himself in the estimation of the Federal authorities at Washington City.—Nothing would please Mr. Logan better than to be impeached by a Democratic-Conservative Legislature. Let him alone, and let him drag out his term of office.—We are decidedly opposed to the impeachment of Logan.

The foregoing, from the Charlotte *Democrat*, expresses our own views. The people have had enough of impeachment. We trust that, should the effort be made to remove this splendid specimen of radical misrule, every member from the North-West will record his vote against it. The Legislature has more important subjects to engage its attention than the punishment of an ignorant and spiteful little radical who is yearning for what his party will consider martyrdom.

Hon. Garrett Davis, U. S. Senator from Kentucky, recently made an elaborate speech at Louisville, caustically reviewing the condition of the country and career of Gen. Grant, and closing with the expression of his preference for Millard Fillmore for the Presidency. Fillmore is an honest, patriotic man, and made us a good President once; but the single fact that he signed the Fugitive Slave Law, would destroy all his chances at the North.

We have carefully watched the Northern press, says the Wilmington *Journal*, to see what comment might be elicited by the declaration of the Hon. Wm. M. Evarts at a recent mass-meeting of the Republicans at Coopers' Institute, in the city of New York. The matter was thus summarily heralded by the Associated Press:

"The principal *speaker of* the evening was William M. Evarts, who denounced the corruption of the city government, which, he said, if it could not be remedied by ballots, it would have to be by *bayonets!*"

Not a syllable of deprecation of this sentiment has emanated from the Radical press. We must therefore conclude that it is endorsed and approved.

We dare say that there has been a considerable amount of corruption, peculation and mismanagement in the municipal affairs of New York. Our Northern neighbors have proclivities that way. But how stands the case with *us?* Neither New York nor any other city or State, ever experienced a tithe of the swindling, robbery and thieving, of which North Carolina and every other Southern State have been the victims, at the hands, especially, of imported Yankee scoundrels like Littlefield, Bullock & Co. The effect has been to deter immigration, paralyze capital, accumulate taxes and crush out individual and associated energy. Besides this, the same creatures who have thus corrupted all the springs of enterprise and broken down the spirits of the people, have sought persistently and successfully to array the negroes against the white man and to disturb the foundations of social security.—And yet let any man in *our* midst, whose barns have been burned, whose property has been stolen, who is ground to powder by taxes, whose holiest feelings have been outraged, talk of *bayonets*, or of forcible redress, or of *any* redress, and we have spies, martial law, Hester, Bond, arrest and imprisonment! But it is "the best government the world ever saw," and Grant says he must have "Thanksgiving" for the blessings of social stability and civil liberty!

The radical party, says the Norfolk *Journal*, retains, or endeavors to retain the old Republican name. Under the inspiration of passion, the impulse of prejudice and the recollections of old antagonisms and associations, many men of the Republican party, as it was before and during the war, have supported and are still supporting Radical candidates, while, in their minds and their hearts, they condemn the extreme, reckless and revolutionary measures of Radical policy. Such men should come over to the cause of the Constitution respected by Democracy in the North and Conservatism in the South. The difficulty with them is their old dislike of the name of the Democratic party. Their prejudices survive the causes that produced them. They should reflect upon the crisis that has come upon the country. They should think of the jeopardy in which they are placing the free institutions of the Union. They should rise proudly and patriotically to the full height of the danger and dignity of the emergency. They should heed the warning words of one of their own trusted leaders—the able, frank and fearless Carl Schurz. They should regard the public necessities as paramount to party triumph. They should do justice to themselves by espousing the cause of the Constitution, and repudiating the policy which they do not approve.

Party names are nothing in comparison with great principles that are the life of liberty.

The Republicans have accomplished their purposes, and the Radicals are now using them to attain their own terrible ends. Let them leave those who have left them, and come over to the Constitutional side.

The Chicago *Tribune* (Republican) ridicules the late Virginia Radical Convention for passing the resolution inviting the old Whigs to join that party on account of similarity of views and identity of principles. The *Tribune* calls the Radical Convention of Virginia "an assemblage of Resurrectionists," and says their discovery will be news to the Republican party of the country. It argues that many more Democrats than old Whigs contributed to form the Republican party, naming the leading ones in various States. It says in Ohio and all over the West a majority of the leaders of the Republican party came from the Democratic ranks, and shows that in its own State (Illinois,) and indeed, throughout the Northwestern States, a large majority of those elected to Congress since the formation of the Republican party have been old Democrats. So much for the astute device of the Virginia Radicals. They get poor encouragement from their Chicago fellow-Republican.—*Richmond Whig.*

The radical organs of this State are trying the same game. They, however, forget to tell that Gen. Grant and half his cabinet are old Democrats. That the editor of the leading radical organ at Washington, W. W. Holden, is an old Democrat, and that a very large majority of the Presidential appointments are old Democrats who have bowed their knees to Baal.

Who will have the boldness to predict that in the coming year there will not be a mighty upheaval of the political elements in this country? That honest men all over the land, wearied of corruption and extortion, will not concentrate around a patriotic banner and establish a great National Conservative party, before whose onward and irresistible march, the old political organizations will fall and fade away? There are sounds in the air which are significant. There are "omens in the sky." Watch and listen.

The Egypt coal mines in Chatham county, are now being operated, and large quantities of fine coal are turned out.

The Elections on Tuesday.

The daily papers of Wednesday are full of the election returns, but so contradictory are many of the dispatches that but little confidence can be placed in them. The following dispatch which we clip from an extra issued by the Raleigh *Carolinian*, we give for what it is worth:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Wisconsin elects a Republican Governor and Legislature.

Illinois elects a Republican Congressman at large, by twenty-five to thirty thousand majority.

New Jersey elects a Democratic Governer, and probably a Republican Legislature.

New York elects the Republican State ticket and Legislature.

Tammany Hall was not open last night. The *World* says: "Returns from this State, which were unusually backward this year, indicate the election of the Republican ticket by at least twenty thousand majority. As it never rains but it pours, the majority may be even more than this. We have lost the State Legislature, and the Republicans will not fall far short of a two-thirds vote in either house. The Tammany local ticket was roughly handled by the voters. Ledwith was no where. Sigel is elected by about twenty-six thousand majority over Shandly, for register.

Bradley, Norton and Genet will not visit Albany officially this year. Even Tweed, with no opposition worth mentioning, polled a light vote compared with those he formerly received."

Seventy-eight towns in Minnesota give Austin, Republican, for Governor, 1,428 majority.

Massachusetts, has of course, gone Republican.

Virginia has gone for the Conservatives by a majority estimated at from 20,000 to 25,000.

Maryland has been completely swept by the Democrats as usual.

In Arkansas it is thought that the "Brook's ticket," supported by Republicans and others opposed to Clayton's policy, has been successful by from 5,000 to 6,000 majority.

By next week all the rubbish will have been cleared away, and we will probably be enabled to furnish our readers with a more correct report.

Great gloom pervades that portion of South Carolina now under military rule. Hundreds of men, including a number of Conservative colored men, have been arrested, without warrant or legal process, and are detained in jail, without having the cause of their arrest and imprisonment made known to them, or an opportunity to prove their innocence. Among a people accustomed to the forms of law, and to the largest personal liberty, these things have naturally created a panic. All have felt that they were at the mercy of a military commander, and that the malice of an individual or political enemy could, at any time, consign them to an imprisonment from which there would be no release. As a consequence, many citizens have fled to adjoining States.

The Raleigh *Carolinian* truly says:—"We take the principles of republican government, and ask for them, at the hands of a patriotic people, endorsement and support. The vital interests of the country are at stake, and the question is, will the people unite upon the principles laid down by their forefathers and save the country, or, pursuing the ignis-fatuus of Imperialism in their blind party worship, wreck their country, ruin their institutions and lose their liberties?" The *Carolinian* maintains, with us, that the principles of *true* republicanism, as they were established by the heroes and statesmen of the Revolution, are to be found only in the Conservative-Democratic party of the present day.

The Grand Duke, Alexis, of Russia, shortly to arrive in this country, is to be received with extraordinary honors and at great expense. An exchange remarks: "'His Imperial Highness' will carry back with him new ideas of royal prerogative and kingly absolutism, derived from close inspection of our governmental workings."

The Board of Directors of the Insane Asylum held their regular annual meeting on Monday last. All the old officers were re-elected. There are now 245 patients in the institution, which is five more than the building was designed to accommodate, and there are 250 applicants for admission for patients mostly confined in the county jails.

U. S. District Attorney Corbin, of South Carolina, died suddenly a few days since, of apoplexy. It is said to reflect upon the fact that he was busily engaged in persecuting the unhappy people of that State, when smitten by the "unseen hand."

COMMISSIONER'S COURT.—The County Commissioners met on Monday last, and re-elected R. S. Talley as keeper of the poor for the ensuing year.

G. W. Elliott and J. W. Blackburn were qualified as deputy Sheriffs.

It was ordered that a Railroad tax be levied of 66⅔ cents on the $100 valuation of real and personal property, and $2 on the poll.

The Charlotte *Southern Home* has been giving an account of the proceedings at the recent Lincoln Superior Court.—Among other things it says: Hon. George Washington Logan, late of the Confederate Congress, with the indomitable courage of his illustrious namesake, dispenses with his guard of U. S. soldiers and came to Lincolnton, escorted only by the right loyal Scoggirses. These loyalists have not had as rich a harvest of greenbacks as their loyalty deserved. Commissioner Vest and Marshal Bosher reached Lincolnton first and got the first fruits of the field. Vest was serenaded by the negroes upon his arrival. He responded to the graceful compliment in a speech somewhat below the standard of Demosthenes, told the negroes that he had come to put down the Kuklux, but was silent as to the loyal greenbacks he hoped to win.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

LOCAL ITEMS.

It is a pity to spoil a romantic story.—Truth, however, requires us to state, that the Local of the Raleigh *Carolinian*, in the issue of Tuesday, allowed himself to be misled in publishing a paragraph headed "Young Lady Stolen." As the notice of the marriage in another part of this paper shows, the parties were united in due form, and at the special request of the young lady's father, in several letters on the subject. It would not be an easy matter to steal a young lady from the Moravian school in this place, and the President of the Institution is fully up to his duty, not at all likely to be made the dupe of any enterprising young man. The happy couple left for High Point immediately with the best wishes of the numerous friends of the bride. All papers which have copied the item from the *Carolinian* are respectfully requested to make the correction as above.

Opossum hunting is all the go with our lads just about this time. Night after night we hear the baying of the dogs in the woods skirting town, and then we know that some "dratted reptile," as one of our farmers calls the animal, has reached a crisis in its affairs. A few nights since, a couple of our young men, with their dogs, started together, and in less than two hours caught three fine specimens, and this too, without going outside the corporation limits.

Forsyth Superior Court commences on Monday next. We understand that both civil and criminal dockets are quite heavy. Judge Cannon, who will preside during this term, brings with him an honorable reputation from every other county in this Circuit in which he has held Court.

Mr. R. L. Patterson, of this place, has been appointed by Governor Caldwell, one of the Directors on the part of the State, of the Eastern Division of the Western N. C. R. R.

New Advertisements.

R. A. Wommack & Co., advertise their large and varied stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

J. N. Blum—Plantation for sale—Dog lost.

P. D. Headley—Jewelry store at E. A. Vogler's.

DAVIDSON SUPERIOR COURT.—There were but few cases of interest tried at this term of the Court.

In the case of the assault and battery in which Col. W. F. Henderson and his former employee, Mr. Jenkins, were involved, we learn that the former submitted, and the latter was acquitted. Judge Cannon fined Col. Henderson $100 and costs, and intimated that if Mr. Jenkins had not been acquitted, the sentence of the Col. would have been much more severe.

The case of the black boy charged with having raided at night upon a white family, in company with another who escaped capture, was tried, and the defendent convicted. This trial occasioned much merriment in the Court Room. We have not heard what sentence was imposed on the culprit.

The case of Thomas Johnson, colored, charged with having committed a foul outrage some weeks since, upon the person of Mrs. Susan Thompson, an elderly lady, was called and the Court assigned Col. Jos. Mastin and Thos R. Purnell, Esq., as his counsel. Upon affidavit of the defence that important witnesses were needed, whose attendance could not be at once procured, the case was postponed until the next term of Court.

THE FAIR AT WILMINGTON.—Major Engelhard, General Secretary, has politely favored us with a complimentary ticket to the Third Grand Annual Fair of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association, to be held at Wilmington on Tuesday next, 14th inst., and continuing on the 15th, 16th and 17th insts. A cotemporary remarks that every effort is being put forth to make the Fair attractive, and to entertain the thousands who will on that occasion visit Wilmington. Those who attend the Fair, from other parts of the State, may look for a good old-fashioned time and good old-fashioned Cape Fear hospitality.

DRIED FRUIT.—A New York circular, dated 3rd inst., contains the following remarks relative to dried fruit: From the beginning of the season until the burning of Chicago, we had a most active and successful season, at prices remunerative to producers. Whilst a very large amount of fruit was destroyed by the fire, and a better demand ought thereby apparently to arise for the balance; yet the stoppage put to the business of the heaviest, most active and enterprising dealers in the country, has necessarily made itself felt amongst those who supplied them. In addition to a cessation of demand for stocks naturally finding a market here, the stocks of Tennessee, Kentucky, and Western fruits, which ordinarily went to Chicago, have been diverted here by the anxiety of owners to realize on them. In addition, the money market has been very stringent. The result is that dealers are averse to buying beyond immediate wants, until the channels of communication with the Northwest are again restored, and the Money Market gets easier. Beyond a few sales of common Quarter Apples, for the German market, there have been no large transactions since our last issue. Receivers do not press stocks upon the market, knowing the uselessness of such a course. Prices are nominally as quoted; and we trust that in a few weeks at farthest activity may be restored to the market, and continue during the winter.

STATE ITEMS.

The Greensboro *Patriot* tells a sad story about a young English girl, who had been brought to this country expressly for a Mr. Sampson, who lives five miles west of town, under a stipulation that she was to remain with him, in his employ, for two years. Recently she became very sick, and her heartless employer had her put in an ox-cart and carried from his premises to the cabin of an old negro, some miles distant, made no provisions for her care, deserted her, and left her there to die, and she did die without a soul near her but a few stupid negroes. On Sunday morning week, Dr. Benbow entered the cabin, and found the corpse unwashed and clad in filthy garments, no one seeming to care for it. The humane physician instructed the negroes to go to Sampson's house, and procure decent clothing, of which the deceased had an abundance, prepare her body for burial, and present the bill to him. The girl is reported to have been of a good family in England, and thus she died, friendless and deserted in a hovel, her employer, with cold inhumanity having turned her from his house in mortal sickness. If this story of the *Patriot* is not exaggerated, that man is morally guilty of murder, and though he may escape punishment in this world, there is another world where he may not be so fortunate.

We take the following from the Hillsboro *Recorder*: The man who can have his coffin made while alive, must look at death philosophically. We hear of a case in point in Person county: Mr. Richard Harris, who lives near Bradsher's store, thirty-odd years ago turned out a sassafras tree to grow for the purpose of making himself a coffin, and about twelve months ago the old man had it cut down and got some one in Roxborough to make his coffin out of it. The old chap occasionally gets in it and stretches himself out by way of showing his neighbors a "good fit." He paid the maker of the coffin in wheat, so he is one living man who will have no fuss over his grave about the coffin when dead. This reminds us of an old coon in Murfreesboro, N. C., who had a coffin cast of iron before the war. He had his grave dug, also, and walled up with brick—with a magnificent tombstone setting forth his name, date of birth, and fixing his death "somewhere about the year 1861." But he was alive and kicking in 1863. The old chap kept his cast iron coffin in his corn crib, and used to shell corn in it. The crib needed no lock at night, for you couldn't get a negro to go near it after dark.

There is no little excitement in Robeson county, owing to the fact that the notorious Parson Sinclair has recently declared his intention to bring suit against U. S. Marshal S. T. Carrow for forgery. Carrow, it seems, received a draft from Washington, payable to Sinclair's order, for the service of the latter as census-taker. Sinclair owed Carrow $100, consequently the latter, it is alleged, forged Sinclair's endorsement on the check, drew the money and sent it to the latter less the $100. This will be a nice little fuss in the radical "happy family."

The Collector for this District, Col. I. J. Young, says the *Carolinian*, has placed in the U. S. Depository in this city, to the credit of the United States Treasurer, since April 12, 1869, one million and twenty thousand dollars, being the total amount of Internal Revenue tax paid by the people of the eight counties composing the Fourth Collection District, within a period of two years and a half. And that's the way the money goes; pop goes the weazel!

The Raleigh *Carolinian* says of Ex-Gov. Holden: "He is in a position to do something for his native State, and if he has the will, he can repair much of the wrong he has hitherto, intentionally or unintentionally wrought. We trust that he may see his duty and perform it." This is very much like preaching Scripture to a viper. The Ex-Governor is at this very time using his position as editor of the leading organ of the administration, to calumniate and injure his native State.

The schooner *Robert Colwell*, of the New York and Charleston line, was recently found water-logged and abandoned in Frying Pan Shoals at the mouth of the Cape Fear river. She had been run into by a steamer, which rescued her captain and crew and took them to New York. Instead of going to the bottom as was expected, she drifted to the shoals where she was found, with full cargo on board.

The crop of acorns and chestnuts in the mountain country is represented to be unprecedented, affording the people of that section a splendid opportunity for pork raising the coming season. Hogs are now fat, and until the warm weather of next spring decays the fallen acorns and chestnuts, it will not be necessary to feed any corn, whatever, to the hogs in the mountain country.

The Lumberton *Robesonian* learns that O. H. Dockery, ex-radical member of Congress, is making an effort in Anson county to organize a new party, to be composed of moderate Republicans and such old line Whigs as can be induced to join them.—It won't do. If Dockery thinks he still retains any influence over the old Whig element of the Conservative party he is wofully mistaken.

Alfred Mackey, colored, who murdered Mr. John Stancil, at Cerro Gordo, some four months ago, was hung on Friday last, at Whiteville, Columbus county. He made full confession of his crime. The murder was committed for the sake of robbery, and was one of the most cold-blooded in the annals of crime.

We learn from the Raleigh *Carolinian*, that "the Supreme Court Reports as last published are full of typographical errors, which if not attended to, are calculated to lead astray. Some of the errors are the most glaring, and completely reverse the decisions and opinions of the Judges."—Can it be possible that this is so?

The Asheville *Citizen* states upon the authority of Col. Tate, President of the Eastern division of the Western N. C. R. R., that he has made arrangements with the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Co., for the completion of the road from Old Fort to Wolf Creek, Tenn., and that the work will commence in a few weeks or as soon as the contract can be carried out in detail.

Look out for a red-haired horse-thief, named William Wilkerson, about 17 years of age, who has stolen a dark gray mare mule from W. B. Ragan, of Pittsylvania county, Va. Fifty dollars reward for him. When he was last seen he was making his way towards Stokes county, North Carolina.

Chicken cholera is playing sad havoc in a number of counties in this State.

The following important letter from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, puts a new face upon the regulation regarding tobacco peddlers. The revenue officers, under the late construction of the law, have been breaking up the retail peddler's trade, but this will put a stop to their action in this respect.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
Washington, Oct. 28th, 1871.

SIR:—In reply to your letter of Oct. 24th, in relation to peddling manufactured tobacco, I have to say that a manufacturer of tobacco may sell his product anywhere in the United States without paying a special tax as a dealer in tobacco, but he can sell only in the original and unbroken packages. He may send out an employee to peddle for him, who may sell in the same manner and under the same conditions as the manufacturer.

A peddler of tobacco, who is not an employee of the manufacturer, and whose sales exceed $100 per annum, is liable to a special tax as a dealer in tobacco for selling manufactured tobacco in the manner of a peddler, and such a peddler who has paid the special tax for selling tobacco, may retail from wooden packages, packed and stamped according to law.

Very respectfully,
J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner.

W. D. JONES, Esq., Assessor 4th District, Raleigh, N. C.

Mrs. Jonathan Worth, widow of the late Governor, met with a serious accident on the 28th ult., while on a visit to a married daughter in Harnett county. While looking at the process of packing cotton, she made a miss-step, and fell from the platform of the cotton press to the ground, a distance of twelve feet, breaking her arm and receiving internal injuries. She is now recovering.

A novel feature at the Fair of the Carolinas, last week, says the Charlotte *Democrat*, was the presence of twenty-eight stout, healthy boys, from Iredell county, ranging in ages from ten to fifteen years. Col. R. F. Simonton, of Statesville, selected the boys as specimens of the health and vigor of Iredell, and paid their expenses to Charlotte and back home.

An unsophisticated colored youth from the country paid a visit to Wilmington one day last week, bought a brand-new trunk, and filled it with some $15 or $20 worth of various articles. He then left the trunk, for safe keeping, at a store on the wharf. When he came to look for it again, it was missing, but subsequently it was found in an alley near by, rifled of its contents. No clue to the thief.

The Battleboro *Advance* says that Harvey Pettiford, colored, was killed on the 25th ult., by the discharge of a spring gun, while he was attempting to rob the tobacco barn of Mr. Hartny Stricklard. Mr. S. had observed for some time that his tobacco was disappearing mysteriously, and set the gun in his barn, with the above result.

The Greensboro *Patriot* says: Some hungry radicals who haven't got enough to eat at home are making an effort to have Frank Wheeler removed from the Assessor's office. The gravest charge against him is that he minds his own business, attends to his office instead of electioneering, and is honest.

The Asheville *Pioneer* has the following paragraph: The residents of Hog Back, a locality in Transylvania county, are extremely fortunate in having their spiritual and temporal wants supplied by the same person, as the revenue assessor of this district returns, from that section, "*Rev.* Wm. Lee, Retail Liquor dealer."

Last week, deputy U. S. Marshal Bosher visited Charlotte, and took bonds of nine citizens for their appearance before the U. S. Court at Raleigh the last week in November, to answer the charge of intimidating voters. The Marshal had no trouble in finding the accused, for they went to him as soon as they learned he was in the city.

John Barnes, Esq., of Caldwell county, is supposed to be the oldest white man in North Carolina. He is aged one hundred and ten years, has a sound mind and memory, is vigorous, in good health, and attends to his own business affairs. So says the *Carolinian*.

The Raleigh *Carolinian* says there is a lot of artificial legs, belonging to the State, lying in the State Department, which could possibly be fitted to some one-legged soldiers. They were purchased for those unfortunate men, and the matter is worth noticing.

The Greensboro *Republican* has come to an untimely end. In fact, the concern is "dead broke" and no assets. It is impossible, almost, for a radical paper to live in this section, for the reading public generally are Conservative in politics.

The *Star* says that a case of cancer in the face is under treatment at the City Hospital in Wilmington, with the new remedy, and alleged specific, known as cundurango. We trust the *Star* will publish the result of the treatment.

The Raleigh *Carolinian* learns that the presence of U. S. officers in Madison county, armed with warrants for the arrest of citizens suspected of Kukluxing last spring, has caused many persons to leave their homes. Among these fugitives two prominent Baptist ministers are reported.

The Charlotte *Democrat* says: A gentleman from Catawba county told us last week that more corn was made in that county the past summer than for many years previous. At an administrator's sale, corn sold at 50 to 54 cents per bushel, six months credit.

The Raleigh *Carolinian* gives publicity to a rumor which connects the name of Ex-Governor Vance with the press of that city, and says his pen, name and fame would command a power of strength at this crisis.

The remains of 120 North Carolina soldiers, who fell at Gettysburg, and whose graves had been marked by their comrades, were removed to Raleigh last week and interred in the Soldier's Cemetery.

A negro woman died in Raleigh on Wednesday of last week, of congestion of the brain, but she declared with her dying breath that she had been poisoned by her lover. A post-mortem examination exculpated the accused.

A Mrs. Edwards, says the Goldsboro *Messenger*, died near Boon Hill, Johnson county, a few weeks ago, at the ripe old age of 106 years. She had distinct recollections of the Revolutionary war.

Good beef can be bought in Western North Carolina—across the mountains—for four and five cents a pound. Here in Salem it sells for five to nine cents per pound from the butchers' wagons.

The point is well taken in the following extract from the Raleigh *Carolinian*: The amount of Internal Revenue tax paid in the Fourth District for the month of October foots up the snug little sum of $41,928 35.

And yet our member of Congress is not seated, and a Senator from North Carolina stands out in the cold; both cases illustrating a new principle of government—Taxation without representation.

The Salisbury *Watchman* says: During the canvass there were few even of the Radical party, who did not plainly declare themselves in favor of changing the Constitution in many particulars admittedly burdensome to the people. It is ardently to be hoped that many such will verify their sincerity, now that it may be done in a strictly lawful manner.

According to the Rutherford *Vindicator*, the jail at that place is rapidly being filled again with U. S. prisoners, who are alleged to be Kuklux. Squads of from three to eight arrive almost daily. It is supposed they will be dragged to Raleigh, two hundred miles from their homes, to be tried in the Circuit Court, which sits on the 26th inst.

William Hessner, a German, died very suddenly in Wilmington one night last week. He went into a liquor saloon, called for a glass of liquor, drank it, and then went on the piazza and sat down in a chair. In a few minutes he was found dead in the chair, with his head leaning against the house.

On the morning of the 2nd inst., 166 colored persons from York county, S. C., reached Raleigh, on their way to Norfolk, Va., from which port they will sail for Liberia, the colored Republic on the west coast of Africa. So says the Raleigh *Sentinel*.

The editor of the Asheville *Citizen* is luxuriating upon green peas, second crop this year, as fine and delicious as ever grew. There have been a dozen or more severe frosts in the Asheville neighborhood, notwithstanding which the grass and many vegetables are as green as in midsummer.

Judge R. H. Gresham, of Louisville, Ky. in company with several other gentlemen, arrived in Asheville a few days since, says the *Pioneer*. They are on a tour of inspection, and will visit Macon and Jackson counties, for the purpose of selecting a site for the location of a colony These are the sort of items we like to publish.

The Raleigh *Sentinel* understands that at a recent church meeting of the Baptist denomination in that city, it was formally resolved that no member should be allowed to sell intoxicating liquors on pain of expulsion. This is another step towards the much needed temperance reform.

We learn from the Raleigh *Carolinian* that the management of the North Carolina Railroad are constructing a new freight tariff for that line, in which material reductions in general freight charges will be made. This is good news to our merchants.

All the parties, says the Raleigh *Carolinian*, who were arrested in Alamance during the progress of the Kirk war last year, have we learn, brought suit for false imprisonment against Holden, young Stephen A. Douglas and others. The causes are set for a hearing in December.

According to a report made by the Italian Minister of Justice, 5,000 young children are stolen every year from their parents in Italy, and sold to persons in the United States. These are the children so often met with in our large cities, accompanying organ grinders, &c.

A little over a year ago, and Cumberland county scrip, under radical rule, sold for 50 cents on the dollar, and occasionally for 66⅔ cents. The Conservatives now control the county, and the *Eagle* says its scrip is in demand at 95 cents on the dollar.

In the U. S. District Court at Wilmington, on the 2nd inst., J. Kellar was convicted of an attempt to pass a stolen United States bond, for $10,000, and was sentenced to eight years imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

A little three year old son of Mr. Joseph Holt, of Wayne county, fell into a deep well a few mornings since while playing in the yard of his father's residence, and was drowned before assistance could be summoned.

The Salisbury *Watchman* says the Commissioners appointed to collect the 5 per cent on the subscription of stock to the Yadkin Railroad are now at work, and it learns that they have been met with the cash in every case.

The Raleigh *Carolinian* says "there is a heavy law suit pending which involves the entire University property at Chapel Hill, real and personal," but it gives no particulars.

At the late Superior Court of Nash county, Luke Johnson, colored, was convicted of the murder, in the spring of 1868, of Jerry Taylor, also colored, and sentenced to be hung on the 24th inst.—And on the night of the 1st inst., he broke jail and made good his escape.

Pompey Lyon, colored, who killed Baker Tilly, also colored, a few weeks ago, was convicted at the late term of Orange Superior Court, and sentenced to be hung on the 24th inst.

The grand jury of Burke county last week indicted the Commissioners of the town of Morganton for neglecting the streets. The Commissioners were tried, convicted and fined twenty dollars.

Many of the negroes in this section, says the Newberne *Journal of Commerce*, have made themselves sick, and we have heard of some deaths occurring among them from religious excitement.

Martha Arrington, colored, of Nash, gave birth a few nights since to triplets.—All doing well; but isn't this too much of a good thing.

Cotton, in the Salisbury market, says the *Watchman*, is now selling at 17 cents, and but few sales. The recent decline had the effect of arresting trade.

From 1804 to 1866, the North Carolina mines yielded about $9,000,000 in gold, which is at the rate of $150,000 per year for sixty-two years.

The turpentine distillery of N. R. Bryan & Co., at Jonesboro, Moore county was destroyed by fire on the 30th ult., about $1,500.

The Scotch Fairs this year on next Tuesday evening following [illegible] Laurel Hill, Richmond county, last., and winds up on Saturday evening following.

Julius Bridgers, of Wake county, is now in prison for attempting, the other day, to make himself a widower, with a shotgun.

GENERAL NEWS.

A despatch from Washington says that Mr. Cobb, the Supervisor of Internal Revenue in Texas, has returned to that city and made a report of his official acts. He has caused to be arrested, or indicted, eleven collectors and assessors in Texas, for alleged malfeasance and rascality in office. He says fraud and stealing are common, and almost respectable among officials in Texas, and prevails among both Federal and State officers. Among the people, the criminal act of an officer is considered less disgraceful than a lack of ingenuity and sharpness to prevent its discovery. All this shows the demoralizing tendency of radicalism, which makes successful villainy a virtue and renders common honesty a thing to be despised.

Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, republican, has directed the indictment of Lieut. Gen. P. H. Sheridan, and other Federal officers, for unconstitutionally declaring martial law in Chicago during the late fire, and for the murder of Colonel Grosvenor, District Attorney, who was shot dead by a soldier acting under the orders of Sheridan or his subordinates. There was no necessity for martial law in Chicago, as the civil authorities had made all necessary preparations to preserve the public peace, and Sheridan rashly assumed military control of the city simply because of his desire to exercise absolute power.

The Chicago *Times* says that while that city was burning, and the whole Northwest seemed about to be consumed by vast armies of flame, our military President could think of nothing better to do than to declare martial law over a large portion of South Carolina. The proclamation was written for him on a Saturday, and he signed it on the following Monday, and now South Carolina is domineered by artillery and infantry, and those choice spirits—Federal detectives—are preparing fiery persecutions for the people of a State which has been plundered and bankrupted by radical adventurers and office-holders.

Keep it before the people, and let the hard-working farmers of this section reflect upon it, that in ten Southern States, which have been under the rule of the radical party since 1865, the debts of these States have been increased in the aggregate, up to 1870, from $61,000,000 to $276,000,000. And not one of these States have anything to show for it. Nearly the whole of the increase, $215,000,000, has been stolen by radical office-holders and their friends, such as Littlefield and the like.

Judge Wright, of Washington city, agent for the collection of all bounty and pensions due the Creek, Cherokee and Seminole Indians, is charged with having robbed the Indians and the government of some $385,000, by false and forged receipts. His accounts are now being investigated by the Interior Department, and the Department of Justice, and the whole business has a very black look. Wright is a blatant radical.

General Kryzanowski, Supervisor of Internal Revenue for Georgia and Florida, has been indicted by the Federal grand jury at Savannah, for conspiracy and embezzlement of the public funds. The case is so glaring that Grant was compelled to remove him. The amount stolen by the loyal gentleman, is not stated in our Washington exchanges. Perhaps the correct sum is not yet ascertained.

Sunday morning an intoxicated man went into one of the New Haven churches and listened intently while the soprano was singing a solo. After she had finished he got on the seat, and waving his hat, shouted, "Bully for you!" The consternation of the audience can be imagined. The fellow was ejected by the sexton.

The Savannah *Republican* very properly remarks that the Presidential "contest of 1872 will be one between the friends of free constitutional government and the advocates of a consolidated despotism. These are the parties to the struggle and the programme of battle will be arranged with sole reference to the concentration of the friends of the two sides respectively."

The Governor of Georgia has made requisition on Governor Caldwell for the person of Wm. Bland, recently arrested in Robeson county on the charge of having killed a negro in Brooks county, Geo., in December last. A reward of $1,000 had been offered for his apprehension, and this will be obtained by the deputy Sheriff of Robeson.

An immense indignation meeting was held in Baltimore on yesterday night week, at which the President was severely denounced for usurping powers not belonging to him, and for declaring martial law in violation of the Constitution. Hon. Reverdy Johnson was one of the orators on the occasion.

It is reliably reported that Brigham Young, the Mormon leader, has fled from Salt Lake City, and is moving south with a train of wagons, and a guard of one hundred armed men, all mounted. The U. S. Marshal is preparing an expedition to follow and capture him.

Our military President has issued a proclamation restoring civil rights to Marion county, S. C., and declaring martial law in Union county. It seems that Marion county was inserted in the original proclamation by a mistake of the clerk who wrote it—at least, that is the excuse given.

A battle took place on the celebrated field of Buena Vista, in Mexico, on the 24th ult., between the government cavalry under command of Gen. Martinez, and the revolutionists under Gen. Carrello. Martinez was wounded, and Carrello, having lost a portion of his army train, retreated to Saltillo.

In West Virginia, the conservatives have elected 66 members to the State Convention, and the radicals only 12. In the State Senate the conservatives have elected 12, and the radicals only 1. In the House, the conservatives have elected 45, and the radicals 11. This was a glorious election.

Cardoza, the negro Secretary of State of South Carolina, has resigned in order to accept a professorship in the colored Howard University at Washington. Now for a big scramble among the rads to obtain the vacant place.

Officers and soldiers who served in the French army under the Empire, are extensively signing an address to the Ex-Emperor Napoleon, which is to be sent to that personage. The contents of the document have not been made public, although it may be presumed that it evinces strong Napoleonic tendencies.

Colorado has 422 miles of railroad, all built since 1869, and nearly all with U. S. government bonds issued to rich speculators and monopolists.

The Federal grand jury at Cincinnati have indicted Benj. F. Davidson, army contractor, for presenting fraudulent vouchers for forage, amounting to $70,000. One by one these radical robbers are being caught in their crimes.

England has purchased from the Dutch government, the latter's colonies in Sumatra, and on the coast of Guinea. Holland was afraid they would be seized by Germany, in case of a difficulty with that great power.

A bird and beast fancier in Philadelphia went on a spree a week or so ago, and before he got straight again, about four hundred and fifty pigeons, Maltese cats, guinea-pigs, squirrels, parrots, canary birds and rat terriers had starved to death.

There is a "mother of Israel" living in Niles, Michigan, who is 109 years old. At a recent love-feast she declared that she had enjoyed religion for 100 years, and for that period had been a member of the Methodist Church.

A pillar supporting the main floor of the colored Baptist Church, at Louisville, gave way on the 5th inst. The congregation became panic-stricken, and nine women and two children were trampled to death on the stairs.

In Hamilton, Ohio, a few days since, a fee of twenty-five cents was collected from all persons who entered a church for the purpose of witnessing a marriage. The money was given to the young couple to help start them in life.

Napoleon is now spoken of in Paris as the *hero* of Sedan; six months ago he was contemptuously called the *man* of Sedan. Behold how quickly the French change their sentiments.

Having heard that it was wickedness that brought upon Chicago the late terrible conflagration as a judgment, Philadelphia, feeling her short-comings, is looking out for lots of new fire engines.

It is said that a member of the Boston bar is engaged in compiling and codifying the Mosaic law, for the benefit of his professional brethren who don't know where to find the original documents.

The Louisville road, leading to Savannah, is infested with gangs of negro highwaymen, who rob the countrymen passing to and from the latter city.

Thousands of farms in France and Germany are divided one from another only by a narrow path; in this country the cost of fences is estimated at $3,000,000,000.

Trains on the Pacific Railroad are beginning to be snow-bound again. There have been times when they were detained on the road as long as ten days.

Fourteen thousand families, or about 63,000 persons of all ages, sexes and colors, are still receiving aid in Chicago from the Relief Society.

A panther carried off a little girl from the vicinity of Mobile, a few days ago.

Ninety-eight deaths from small-pox in Philadelphia for the week ending 4th inst. This is an increase over the deaths of the previous week from this disease.

Among the agricultural attractions at the recent Oregon State Fair, was a bull-fight. It is time these brutalities were done away with.

Small-pox has broken out in Brooklyn, N. Y. Twenty-six deaths last week.

MARRIED,

In this place, on the 2nd inst., by Rev. M. L. Grunert, President of Salem Female Academy, at his residence, Mr. W. E. Kirk to Miss Georgina E. Pasteur, daughter of R. M. Pasteur, Esq., all of New Orleans, La.

In Davidson county, on the 26th ult., by Rev. R. G. Barrett, Mr. J. Harper Hogan and Miss Sallie R. Heightman.

In Greensboro, on the 1st inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. J. Henry Smith, Gen. Robt. D. Johnston, of Charlotte, and Miss Jonsie Evans, of Greensboro.

At Trinity College, on the 2nd inst., by the Rev. B. Craven, Mr. Thos. H. Tiddy, of Charlotte, and Miss Annie M. Graves, of Trinity College.

DIED,

Suddenly, in Statesville, on the 30th ult., of heart disease, Mr. J. Franklin Bell, an old citizen of that place.

In this place, on the 9th inst., Miss Kitty Blickenderfer, aged about 63 years.

THE MARKETS.

SALEM, N. C., Nov. 10, 1871.

Provisions.			*Provisions.*	
Bacon,	12½@15		Chop,	2
Lard,	15@		Bran,	1½
Pork,	9@10		*Grain.*	
Beef,	4@10		Wheat,	1 50@1 60
Veal,	5@8		Corn,	65 @ 70
Mutton,	6@8		" (old)	90@0 00
Butter,	25@00		Rye,	90@1 00
Flour	4@4½		Oats,	60@ 00
			Peas,	85@ 90

DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

DANVILLE, Nov. 7.

Receipts very light, market animated, with an upward tendency for all working grades.

Lugs—Common, Red	$5 00	to $7 00
" Good working	6 00	to 8 00
" Com'n, Bright	8 00	to 12 00
" Fine, "	15 00	to 30 00
Extra lots higher.		
Leaf—Common Red,	8 00	to 10 00
" Good	10 00	to 12 00
" Good, rich, waxy,	12 00	to 18 00
" Common Bright,	15 00	to 30 00
" Good, "	25 00	to 40 00
" Fine, "	40 00	to 60 00
" Extra fine lots	60 00	to 75 00

The latter in demand, and eagerly sought after.

New York, Nov. 6.—Cotton. 17¾ a 18¼ Flour, 7 00 to 7 50; Corn, 79 a 83. Wheat, 1 48 a 1 72; Gold, 112; Bonds, N. C. old, 37 a 37½, new 19 a 20.

Baltimore, Nov. 7.—Cotton 18¼ a 19¼ Flour 6 25 a 7 50; Wheat, $1 60 a $1 62; Corn white, 00 a 75, yellow, 00 a 72; Oats, 46 a 00, Bacon, 8¼ a 8¾; Whisky, 92½ a 00; Lard 10 a 10½.

Richmond, Nov. 7.—Wheat, $1 55 a 1 70; Corn 67 a 70; Oats 57 a 59; Flour, extra, $7 50 a $8 00 per barrel.

Norfolk, Nov. 7.—Bacon, sides, 8½ a 9; Corn 80 a 82. Flour $6 00 a $8 50.

Charlotte, Nov. 6.—Bacon 11 a 11½; Flour, 3 75 a 4 50; Corn, 75 a 80; Oats, 70 a 75. Wheat, $1 50 a $1 60; Whisky, $0 00 a 0 00;

Fayetteville, Nov. 2.—Bacon 11 a 15; Flour 7 00 a $8 00; Corn $1 10 a $1 20; Oats, 85; Rye, $1 10; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 15; Whisky, $2 25; Brandy, $2 50.

Petersburg, Nov. 7.— Flour $6 50 a $8 00; Wheat, red, $1 35 a $1 65, white $1 45 a $1 75; Corn, 65 a 70; Bacon, hog round 13 a 13½; Whisky, $2 25; Brandy $240 a $3 00

Stove for Sale.

A new Cooking-Stove with Pipe for sale.

Enquire at this office. 44-tf.

Miscellaneous Books.

OUR stock of Miscellaneous Book is varied, a good collection—which we offer at low prices, as we wish to reduce our stock-

AT THE STORE OF

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

NOW OPENING,

A New and Handsome Stock of

Fall and Winter Goods

selected especially with a view to suit the wants and tastes of this community.

A full assortment of

DRY GOODS,

consisting in part of Ladies' Worsted Goods, a variety of the newest patterns and styles, besides a large stock of Calicoes and Sheetings bleached and unbleached.

MEN'S WEAR.

Superior advantages offered in the way of Cloths, Cassimeres and Tweeds. Ready Made Overcoats, Shirts, a large stock, Knit Shirts and Drawers, Shawls, Blankets, &c., &c.

NOTIONS.

A well selected variety, consisting of Ladies Shawls, double and single, of every description; Scarfs, Nubias and Hoods; Children's Fancy Stockings, and in fact, almost everything that can be inquired for in this class of goods.

BOOTS and SHOES.

A fine assortment, selected with great care, from the best manufactories.

LEATHER.

We have secured a very fine stock of Upper and Sole Leather, from the very best tanners of Davidson, Yadkin and Forsyth counties. Always a good stock of Hemlock Leather on hand. Shoemaker's Findings, &c., &c.

HATS and CAPS,

of the latest styles and in great variety.

DRUGS, MEDICINES and DYE-STUFFS,

warranted to be unadulterated.

WINDOW GLASS,

by the pane or box.

HARDWARE.

Having had considerable experience in the Hardware trade, we flatter ourselves that we have secured the finest stock ever brought to this market. Builders, Cabinet-Makers and others will find it to their interest to call upon us, before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Any description of Hardware, such as Sash and Circular Saws, Mortising Machines, &c., will be ordered at any time, and sold at manufacturer's prices.

QUEENSWARE, CROCKERY and TINWARE

of every possible description, and at prices as cheap as the cheapest.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Cheese, Spices, Rice, &c., &c.

We keep constantly on hand Plows, Plow Points, Land Sides, and a variety of other agricultural implements.

A large stock of Iron, consisting of Skelp Iron, Shovel Moulds, &c., &c.

The subscribers feel grateful to their friends throughout the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage they have received, and trust that by strict attention to business and by keeping only the best articles in every line, they will merit a continuance of the public favor.

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

REMOVAL.

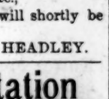
I desire to notify my friends and patrons that I have removed from my old stand, and am now again engaged with Mr. E. A. Vogler, in his well known Jewelry Store, where I will be pleased to see them; and any work they wish done in the *Clock, Watch* or *Jewelry line*, I promise them shall be well and promptly attended to.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &c., &c.,
PLATED WARE, SPECTACLES, CANES, THERMOMETERS, &c., &c.,

on hand, and a new and full supply will shortly be added to the present stock.

Nov. 1871-45-3m. P. D. HEADLEY.

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.



I offer for sale my well known plantation on Brushy Fork creek, 1½ miles from the Railroad Depot, containing about 150 acres, partly cleared, with a good portion of *Woods land and Meadow*. The improvements consist of a good Dwelling-House, Barn, Outhouses, Orchard, &c.

Nov. 8, 1871-45tf. J. N. BLUM.

LOST

LAST WEEK, a young black and white Fice Dog, short legged, rather long haired, with a bushy tail. Any information concerning the dog thankfully received and suitably rewarded at the SALEM MILL.

Nov. 10, 1871-45-

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

DESIRABLY SITUATED on POPLAR STREET.

J. G. VEACH.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 20, 1871.-42-tf.

Valuable Plantation FOR SALE.

WE offer for sale, privately, the well known Plantation, about 1½ miles from Salem, adjoining the lands of E. A. Vogler, West of the Cucumber Road, containing about

120 ACRES,

40 of which are WOODLAND, 9 acres MEADOW, balance cleared. There is a DWELLING HOUSE, Out-houses, and a good ORCHARD on the premises.

Apply to

C. A. WINKLER,
J. D. TAVIS.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 29, 1871.-39-7t.

Clover Seed, Timothy, Orchard and Herd Grass Seed at H. D. LOTT'S

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871-35-2m.

LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., Nov. 1st, 1871.

LADIES' LIST.

Miss A. B. Brown, Miss Sally Evard, Mrs. Nancy Fish, Miss Sally Kelly, Miss Isabel Nelson.

GENTLEMAN'S LIST.

Davy Bloon, J. Butner, Ellingtine Cowzens, George G. Campbell, Elwood Fisher 2, Joseph M. Gillins, William Gibbens, Louzo Glenn, David Hanneline, Robert Kluts, John W. Lashmit, R. H. Linville, L. S. Mulican, Enoch P. Mullican, Geo. M. Nelson, W. E. Pfeh, John P. Robbins, Noah Rich, Edwin Right, John Stautifoot, Samuel Smith, Levi Swim, David Teeb, Wiley Weer.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

PETERS'

Musical Library,

CONSISTING OF

FIFTEEN VOLUMES FILLED WITH CHOICE PIANO MUSIC.

VOCAL COLLECTION.

HANDSOME PRESENTS

Shining Lights. A choice collection of beautiful Sacred Songs.

Hearth and Home, Fireside Echoes, and Sweet Sounds. Three Volumes of easy songs by Webster, Persley, etc.

Golden Leaves. Volumes I. and II. The two volumes contain all of Will S. Hays' Songs.

Priceless Gems. A collection of beautiful Ballads by Wallace, Thomas, Keller, etc.

INSTRUMENTAL COLLECTIONS.

Fairy Fingers, Magic Circle, and Young Pianist. Three volumes of very easy Music for young players.

Pearl Drops and Musical Recreations. Dance Music. Two collections of moderate difficulty.

Pleasant Memories. A collection of beautiful pieces by Wyman, Mack. Dressler, etc.

Golden Chimes. A collection of brilliant parlor Music by Charles Kinkel.

Brilliant Gems. A splended collection by Vilbre, Allard, Pachar, Kinkle, etc.

Price $2 50 per volume, elegantly bound in cloth, with gilt sides; $2 in plain cloth; $1 75 in boards.

Address **J. L. PETERS,** 599 Broadway, N. Y.

We would also call attention to The Opera at Home, a collection of over one hundred beautiful opera songs. Price $5 in cloth and guilt. Trade price, $4. 43-tf.

Additional Attractions EVERY WEEK!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES in everything to be found at **PATTERSON & CO'S.**

NIGHT LATCH

WHO WANTS ONE?

Enquire at this office.

ALMANAC.

BLUM'S FARMERS' & PLANTERS' ALMANAC 1872.

Besides the usual Astronomical calculations, Agricultural matter, Tales, Anecdotes and Recipes, this Almanac contains Interest Tables, Tide Table, vote for Attorney General in 1870, Table showing the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in another month throughout the year, times of holding Courts in North Carolina and Virginia, list of members of the General Assembly, population of the Globe, population of large cities, population of North Carolina and the United States, Government of Public Works and Institutions of North Carolina, Government of the United States, Rates of Postage, List of Taxes repealed, &c., &c.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1871.

The 'Poulterer's Friend'

WILL prevent and cure Chicken Cholera, and prevent Gapes in young Chickens, &c.

HOG POWDERS.

A preventive and cure for Hog Cholera, and profitable in fattening Hogs.

Horse and Cattle Powders

At Vogler's Supply Store.

Salem, Aug. 4, 1871.

LAND AGENCY.

PARTIES wishing to dispose of Lands or Town property, will please apply by letter or in person to BENJ. BOWBEER.

High Point, N. C., July 28, 1871. 30-3m.

WM. P. GRAVES, THOS. R. MCDEARMON, WM. T. LAW

Graves' Warehouse,

DANVILLE, VIRGINIA.,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF TOBACCO.

SALES ROOM 166 by 70 feet, with 19 skylights. Prompt attention to the interest and comfort of Planters and their teams.

March 3, —9-1.

WORTH & WORTH,

General Shipping and Commission MERCHANTS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

D. G. WORTH. B. G. WORTH

Advertised Everywhere.

The Celebrated Liver Regulator

TO BE HAD AT

Zevely's Drug Store.

FOR SALE.

IRON COG WHEELS, SHAFTING, BOXES BOLTS, &c. Enquire at this office.

Salem Nov. 15, 1870.

An Ounce of Prevention is Better than a Pound of Cure

Horse and Cattle Powders.

A SURE PREVENTIVE OF DISEASE.

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS—Foreign and Domestic.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Jan. 1871.

LIFE INSURANCE

Salem Agency.

THE undersigned is Agent for the Wilmington N. C. Life Insurance Company. Call and see him. Office in Dr. Zevely's building.

Thos. R. Purnell.

A FRESH SUPPLY

OF THE CELEBRATED

Liver Regulator

AND POPULAR

PRESERVING JARS

at **Zevely's Drug Store.**

Moravian Hymn Books,

Various styles of binding at the BOOK STORE

LEATHER! LEATHER!

A LOT OF UPPER LEATHER tanned by Carlos Strupe. Also a large lot of

FLOUR

For sale at.....WOMMACK'S

Oct. 13.—41-4w.

Soap! Soap!! Soap!!!

WARFIELD'S CELEBRATED COLDWATER SELF-WASHING SOAP for sale by

H. D. LOTT.

Salem, N. C., Sept. 1, 1871.-35-2m.

Millinery! Millinery!!

Mrs. J. G. DOUTHIT,

SALEM, N. C.

HAVING removed to the stand formerly occupied by Mr. James Fisher, respectfully informs her numerous friends that she has opened a new assortment of FRENCH AND AMERICAN HATS, BONNETS and MILLINERY GOODS of the latest and most approved styles. Ladies will save money by calling and examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Mrs. J. G. DOUTHIT.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 13, 1871. 41-tf.

TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.

Warfield's Cold Water Soap

is good in *Soft, Hard, Salt or Warm Water*. Saves much labor and fuel.

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC LAUNDRY SOAP is a valuable and desirable article. Clothes washed in it are protected against contagious.

For sale by J. L. FULKERSON

BUCHAN'S CARBOLIC COMPOUNDS

SUCH as **Carbolic Disinfecting Soap,** for washing Horses, Cattle, Pigs, Dogs, &c.

It will positively destroy all insects on Cattle, and cure Mange, Scratches and Sores of all kinds.

Bed Bugs are at once killed, and their nits destroyed by its use.

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That hath ruled the wide world o'er,
For life and good fare on his strong steele share
Shall depend forevermore;
There is strength in his beam, as the toiling team
Turns the furrows long and deep,
While it mellows the sod, we have trust in God
That His promise He will surely keep.
Then a health to the plow, the brave old plow,
Which hath fed all the nations gone:
And glory as now to the brave old plow
When a thousand years have flown.

Thou hast seen the time when no pealing chime
Was heard the wide world through:
When the King's broad hall and the cottage small
Of a Christmas never knew.
And many a day along the highway
Have hundreds starving lain.
They're dead, they're gone, to earth's bosom borne;
But the plow it still doth reign.
Then God speed the plow, the brave old plow
Who hath fed all the nations gone.
And glory as now to the brave old plow
When a thousand years have flown.

Thou hast seen the time, in many a clime,
When the bread was hard to win;
When both great and small, at hunger's call
Were led into deadly sin;
But thou ne'er can'st say that thou hast seen the day,
When want bowed the strong man's head,
The righteous man's seed, in his greatest need,
Ever begged for his daily bread.
Then God speed the plow, the brave old plow,
Who hath fed all the nations gone:
And may glory as now encircle the plow
When a thousand years have flown.

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☞ AT JENKINS' OLD STAND ☜
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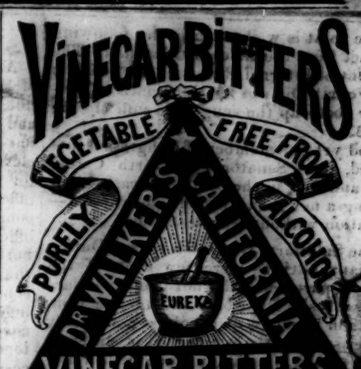

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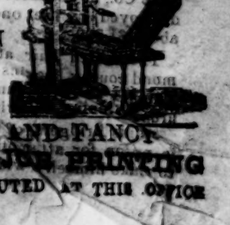

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